wger Workout Manager Documentation

Release 2.1 alpha

Roland Geider

Jun 22, 2022

CONTENTS

1	Installation and administration		
	1.1 Installation	3	
2	Development		
	2.1 Tips and tricks	11	
	2.2 Contributing	13	
	2.3 Coding Style Guide	13	
	2.4 Internationalization (i18n)	13	
3	Administration guide	17	
	3.1 Commands	17	
	3.2 Settings	22	
	3.3 Gym administration	23	
	3.4 Member Management	23	
	3.5 Contracts	24	
	3.6 E-Mails	24	
	3.7 Configuration	24	
4	Changelog	27	
	4.1 Changelog	27	
5	Contact	37	
6	Sources		
7	Licence		

wger (v) Workout Manager is a free, open-source web application that helps you manage your personal workouts, weight, and diet plans and can also be used as a simple gym management utility. It offers a REST API as well, for easy integration with other projects and tools.

For more details and a live system, refer to the project's site: https://github.com/wger-project/wger

This documentation is intended for developers and administrators of the software.

CHAPTER

ONE

INSTALLATION AND ADMINISTRATION

1.1 Installation

You can get a local instance of wger installed in a couple of minutes.

It is recommended to install a development instance or start a docker image if you just want to try the application on your server or PC. All the following steps are performed on a Debian-based Linux distribution. If your setup differs (e.g. in Red Hat based distros the package names are slightly different) you will need to change the steps as appropriate.

You can safely install from master, it is almost always in a usable and stable state.

The application is compatible and regularly tested with

- PostgreSQL, sqlite
- python 3.8, 3.9, 3.10 and pypy3

After installation, you might also want to take a look at the *Other changes* section for other changes you might want to do to your local instance such as Terms of Service or contact page.

Note: Please note that all the steps related to upgrading the database or downloading external JS dependencies mentioned in the *Tips and tricks* section in the development page apply to all the installation options.

These are the necessary packages for both development and production:

```
sudo apt-get install nodejs npm git python3-dev python3-venv
sudo npm install -g yarn sass
```

If you plan to use video files, you need to install additional packages, consult the videos section for more information.

1.1.1 Development

Virtual environment

Create a new virtualenv:

```
$ python3 -m venv venv-wger
$ source venv-wger/bin/activate
```

Get the code

Download the source code:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/wger-project/wger.git src
$ cd src
```

Install Requirements

Install python requirements:

```
$ pip install -r requirements_dev.txt
$ pip install -e .
```

Install application

This will download the required JS and CSS libraries and create an SQLite database and populate it with data on the first run:

```
$ wger create-settings
$ wger bootstrap
$ wger load-online-fixtures
```

You can of course also use other databases such as PostgreSQL or MariaDB. Create a database and user and edit the DATABASES settings before calling bootstrap. Take a look at the *PostgreSQL* on apache on how that could look like.

Start the server

After the first run you can just use Django's development server:

```
$ python manage.py runserver
```

That's it. You can log in with the default administrator user:

- username: admin
- password: adminadmin

You can reset the admin's password with wger create-or-reset-admin.

1.1.2 Production

Wger user

It is recommended to add a dedicated user for the application:

```
sudo adduser wger --disabled-password --gecos ""
```

The following steps assume you did, but it is not necessary (nor is it necessary to call it 'wger'). In that case, change the paths as needed.

Apache

Install apache and the WSGI module:

```
sudo apt-get install apache2 libapache2-mod-wsgi-py3
sudo vim /etc/apache2/sites-available/wger.conf
```

Configure apache to serve the application:

```
<Directory /home/wger/src>
    <Files wsgi.py>
        Require all granted
    </Files>
</Directory>
<VirtualHost *:80>
   WSGIApplicationGroup %{GLOBAL}
   WSGIDaemonProcess wger python-path=/home/wger/src python-home=/home/wger/venv
   WSGIProcessGroup wger
   WSGIScriptAlias / /home/wger/src/wger/wsgi.py
   WSGIPassAuthorization On
   Alias /static/ /home/wger/static/
   <Directory /home/wger/static>
        Require all granted
   </Directory>
   Alias /media/ /home/wger/media/
   <Directory /home/wger/media>
        Require all granted
   </Directory>
   ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/wger-error.log
   CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/wger-access.log combined
</VirtualHost>
```

Apache has a problem when uploading files that have non-ASCII characters, e.g. for exercise images. To avoid this, add to /etc/apache2/envvars (if there is already an export LANG, replace it) or set your system's locale:

export LANG='en_US.UTF-8'
export LC_ALL='en_US.UTF-8'

Activate the settings and disable apache's default:

```
sudo a2dissite 000-default.conf
sudo a2ensite wger
sudo service apache2 reload
```

Database

PostgreSQL

Install the Postgres server (choose the appropriate and currently supported version for your distro) and create a database and a user:

```
sudo apt-get install postgresql postgresql-server-dev-12 python3-psycopg2
sudo su - postgres
createdb wger
psql wger -c "CREATE USER wger WITH PASSWORD 'wger'";
psql wger -c "GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE wger to wger";
```

You might want or need to edit your pg_hba.conf file to allow local socket connections or similar.

SQLite

If using sqlite, create a folder for it (must be writable by the apache user):

```
mkdir db
touch db/database.sqlite
chown :www-data -R /home/wger/db
chmod g+w /home/wger/db /home/wger/db/database.sqlite
```

Application

Make a virtualenv for python and activate it:

```
python3 -m venv /home/wger/venv
source /home/wger/venv/bin/activate
```

Create folders to collect all static resources and save uploaded files. The static folder will only contain CSS and JS files, so it must be readable by the apache process while media will contain the uploaded files and must be writeable as well:

mkdir static mkdir media chmod o+w media

Get the application:

```
git clone https://github.com/wger-project/wger.git /home/wger/src
cd /home/wger/src
pip install -r requirements.txt
pip install -e .
# If using sqlite without the --database-path
wger create-settings --database-path /home/wger/db/database.sqlite
```

Edit the settings file

- Add the correct values for the database (use django.db.backends.postgresql for the engine) if you are using postgres
- Set MEDIA_ROOT to /home/wger/media and STATIC_ROOT to /home/wger/static.
- Add the domains that your site will be accessed to ALLOWED_HOSTS=['example.com', 'www.example.com'] (you might want to do this as the last step when you know everything else is working correctly)

Run the installation script, this will download some CSS and JS libraries and load all initial data:

```
wger bootstrap
```

Collect all static resources:

```
python manage.py collectstatic
```

The bootstrap command will also create a default administrator user (you probably want to change the password as soon as you log in):

- username: admin
- password: adminadmin

Email

The application is configured to use Django's console email backend by default, which causes messages intended to be sent via email to be written to stdout.

In order to use a real email server, another backend listed in Django's documentation can be configured instead. Parameters for the backend are set as variables in settings.py. For example, the following allows an SMTP server at smtp.example.com to be used:

```
Email_BACKEND = 'django.core.mail.backends.smtp.EmailBackend'
ENABLE_EMAIL = True
EMAIL_HOST = 'smtp.example.com'
EMAIL_PORT = 587
EMAIL_HOST_USER = 'wger@example.com'
EMAIL_HOST_PASSWORD = 'example_password'
EMAIL_USE_TLS = True
EMAIL_USE_SSL = False
DEFAULT_FROM_EMAIL = 'wger Workout Manager <wger@example.com>'
```

Django provides a sendtestemail command via manage.py to test email settings:

python manage.py sendtestemail user@example.com

Site Settings

Some wger features make use of Django's site name and domain settings in the contrib.sites framework. These should be set through the Python shell:

```
python manage.py shell
>>> from django.contrib.sites.models import Site
>>> site = Site.objects.get(pk=1)
>>> site.domain = 'wger.example.com'
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> site.name = 'example.com wger Workout Manager'
>>> site.save()
```

where wger.example.com is the domain of the wger instance. This assumes that wger is using the default site ID of 1. If a different site ID is being used, it must be specified in settings.py:

 $SITE_ID = 2$

Other changes

If you want to use the application as a public instance, you will probably want to change the following templates:

- tos.html, for your own Terms Of Service here
- about.html, for your contact address or other such legal requirements

1.1.3 Docker images

There are docker files available to quickly get a version of wger up and running. They are all located under extras/ docker if you want to build them yourself.

Note that you need to build from the project's source folder, e.g:

```
docker build -f extras/docker/development/Dockerfile -t wger/server .
docker build -f extras/docker/demo/Dockerfile --tag wger/demo .
```

Demo

Self contained demo image

Get the image:

```
docker pull wger/demo
```

Run a container and start the application:

```
docker run -ti --name wger.demo --publish 8000:80 wger/demo
```

Then just open http://localhost:8000 and log in as: admin, password adminadmin

Development

This image installs the application using virtualenv, uses an SQLite database and serves it with Django's development server.

Get the image:

docker pull wger/server

Run a container and start the application:

```
docker run -ti --name wger.dev --publish 8000:8000 wger/server
(in docker) source ~/venv/bin/activate
(in docker) python manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:8000
```

Then just open http://localhost:8000 and log in as: admin, password adminadmin

As an alternative, you might want to map a local folder to the container. This is interesting if e.g. you want to keep the wger source code on your host machine and use docker only to serve it. Then do this:

```
docker run -ti \
    --name wger.test1 \
    --publish 8005:8000 \
    --volume /path/to/local/wger/:/home/wger/src \
    wger/server
```

It will mount the local path *on top* of the folder in the container. For this to work you obviously need to manually checkout the code to /path/to/local/wger/ and create a settings file as well.

Production

The production docker compose setup can be found here: https://github.com/wger-project/docker

1.1.4 Updating the application

To keep the application updated you need to regularly perform the following steps well you pull from upstream.

Python dependencies

To install updated python dependencies:

```
source /path/to/venv/bin/activate
python manage.py migrate
```

Upgrade the database

There are regular changes and upgrades to the database schema (these may also come from new versions of Django or the installed dependencies). If you start your server and see a message that there are unapplied migrations, just do:

python manage.py migrate --all

You might want to save a dump of the database before applying the migrations in case something happens.

JS and CSS dependencies

We use yarn to download the JS and CSS libraries. To update them just run the following command on the source folder:

yarn install
yarn build:css:sass
python manage.py collectstatic # only needed in production

Pull new data

You can pull new exercise data and ingredients but remember that new ingredients can overwrite the ones you added manually:

python3 manage.py sync-exercises
python3 manage.py download-exercise-images
wger load-online-fixtures

CHAPTER

TWO

DEVELOPMENT

2.1 Tips and tricks

2.1.1 Clearing the cache

Sometimes there are changes to the internal changes of the cached structures. It is recommended that you just clear all the existing caches python manage.py clear-cache --clear-all or just set the timeout to something like one second (in settings.py:

```
CACHES = {
  'default': {
     'BACKEND': 'django.core.cache.backends.locmem.LocMemCache',
     'LOCATION': 'wger-cache',
     'TIMEOUT': 1
     }
}
```

2.1.2 Miscellaneous settings

The following settings can be very useful during development (add to your settings.py):

Setting the email backend

Use the console backend, all sent emails will be printed to it:

```
EMAIL_BACKEND = 'django.core.mail.backends.console.EmailBackend'
```

2.1.3 Dummy data generator

To properly test the different parts of the application for usability or performance, it is often very useful to have some data to work with. For this reason, there is a dummy data generator script in extras/dummy_generator/generator.py. It allows you to generate entries for users, gyms, workouts, and logs. For detailed usage options do:

```
python generator.py --help
```

Or for options for, e.g. user generation:

python generator.py users --help

To get you started, you might want to invoke the script in the following way. This will create 10 gyms and 300 users, randomly assigning them to a different gym. Each user will have 20 workouts and each exercise in each workout 30 log entries as well as 10 nutrition diary entries per day:

```
python generator.py gyms 10
python generator.py users 300
python generator.py workouts 20
python generator.py logs 30
python generator.py sessions random
python generator.py weight 100
python generator.py nutrition 20
python generator.py nutrition-diary 10
python generator.py measurement 20
```

Note: All generated users have their username as a password.

Note: While it is possible to generate hundreds of users, gyms are more restricted and you will probably get duplicate names if you generate more than a dozen.

2.1.4 Selectively running tests

If you do a python manage.py test you will run the complete testsuite, and this can take a while. You can control which tests will be executed like this.

Test only the tests in the 'core' app:

python manage.py test wger.core

Test only the tests in the 'test_user.py' file in the core app:

```
python manage.py test wger.core.tests.test_user
```

Test only the tests in 'StatusUserTestCase' in the file 'test_user.py` file in the core app:

python manage.py test wger.core.tests.test_user.StatusUserTestCase

2.1.5 Using runserver_plus

During development, you can use runserver_plus instead of the default Django server as you can use an interactive debugger directly from the browser if an exception occurs. It also accepts the same command-line options. For this just install the following packages:

```
pip install django_extensions werkzeug
python manage.py runserver_plus [options]
```

2.2 Contributing

- Send pull requests: for new code you want to share, please send pull requests in GitHub. Sending patches by email or attaching them to an issue means a lot more work. It's recommended that you work on a feature branch when working on something, especially when it's something bigger. While many people insist on rebasing before sending a pull request, it's not necessary.
- **Run the tests**: wger is proud to have a test coverage of over 90%. When you implement something new, don't forget to run the testsuite and write appropriate tests for the new code.
- Code according to the coding style: *Coding Style Guide*

2.3 Coding Style Guide

2.3.1 Python

Code according to PEP8, but with a maximum line length of 100.

2.3.2 JavaScript

- Follow Airbnb ES5 style guide, with the following changes:
 - Disallow named function expressions, except in recursive functions, where a name is needed.
 - Console logging is allowed
- Functions called from Django templates need to start with wger

2.3.3 Automatic coding style checks

The coding style is automatically checked by GitHub actions after sending a pull request.

2.4 Internationalization (i18n)

2.4.1 Django

Updating the translation files

wger uses Django's translation infrastructure, but there are a couple of things that need to be considered. First, you need to extract some translatable strings from the database such as exercise categories and muscle names:

python manage.py extract-i18n

Then, update your po files with the usual Django command (run this in the wger sub folder, not the root one):

django-admin makemessages --all --extension py,html,tpl

and finally, you can compile them with:

django-admin compilemessages

Adding new languages

Besides adding the new translations to the locale folder, they have to be activated in the Django settings file and in the application itself.

Note: At the moment composed language codes such as pt-BR (Brazilian Portuguese) are **not** supported, the issue for this problem is #130

- django: add an entry to LANGUAGES in wger/settings_global.py
- wger: add the new language in the language admin page and set the visibility of exercises and ingredients. For the short name, use the language code such as 'fr', for the long name the native name, in this example 'français'.
- **compile**: to use the new language files, the translation files have to be compiled. Do this by changing to the wger folder (so you see a locale folder there) and invoking django-admin compilemessages. You will also need to restart the webserver.
- flag icon: add an appropriate flag icon in SVG format in images/icons/flag-CODE.svg in the static folder of the core application.
- **fixtures:** after having added the language in the admin module, the data has to be exported so the current language configuration can be reproduced. This is done with the filter-fixtures.py script:
 - while in extras/scripts, export the whole database to a JSON file with:

python ../../manage.py dumpdata --indent 4 --natural-foreign > data.json

- filter the database dump, this will generate a json file for each "important" module:

python filter-fixtures.py

 copy the generated files languages.json and language_config.json to the fixtures folder in core and config (you'll probably want to delete the remaining JSON files):

```
cp languages.json ../../wger/core/fixtures/
cp language_config.json ../../wger/config/fixtures/
rm *.json
```

Getting new languages

If you have a local installation and new languages arrive from upstream, you need to load the necessary data to the language tables in the database (note that you'll need to reload/restart the webserver so the new po files are picked up):

```
python manage.py loaddata languages
python manage.py loaddata language_config
```

Please note that this will overwrite any changes you might have done from the language administration module.

2.4.2 React

The frontend that is built with react uses its own translation files. See the README.md file in the locale folder in the react repo for more information.

CHAPTER

THREE

ADMINISTRATION GUIDE

3.1 Commands

Please note that the administration commands are intended e.g. to bootstrap/install an application to a new system, while the management ones are made to administer a running application (to e.g. delete guest users, send emails, etc.).

3.1.1 Administration Commands

The application provides several administration and bootstrapping commands that can be passed to the wger command:

wger <command>

You can get a list of all available commands by calling wger without any arguments:

Available tasks:			
bootstrap config-location →folder	Performs all steps necessary to bootstrap the application Returns the default location for the settings file and the data		
create-or-reset-admin create-settings load-fixtures load-online-fixtures	Creates an admin user or resets the password for an existing one Creates a local settings file Loads all fixtures Downloads fixtures from server and installs them (at the moment		
→only ingredients) migrate-db start	Run all database migrations Start the application using django's built-in webserver		

You can also get help on a specific command with wger --help <command>.

Note: Most commands support a --settings-path command line option that sets the settings file to use for the operation. If you use it, it is recommended to use absolute paths, for example:

wger bootstrap --settings-path /path/to/development/wger/settings-test.py

Bootstrap

Command: bootstrap

This command bootstraps the application: it creates a settings file, initialises a SQLite database, loads all necessary fixtures for the application to work and creates a default administrator user. While it can also work with e.g. a PostgreSQL database, you will need to create it yourself:

wger bootstrap

The most usual use-case is creating the settings file and the SQLite database to their default locations, but you can set your own paths if you want e.g. start developing on a branch that is going to change the database schema.

Usage:

```
Usage: inv[oke] [--core-opts] bootstrap [--options] [other tasks here ...]
Docstring:
 Performs all steps necessary to bootstrap the application
Options:
  -a STRING, --address=STRING
                                      Address to use. Default: localhost
  -b, --browser
                                      Whether to open the application in a browser
→window. Default: false
  -d STRING, --database-path=STRING
                                     Path to SQLite database (absolute path
→recommended). Leave empty for default
                                      Port to use. Default: 8000
  -p, --port
                                     Path to settings file (absolute path recommended).
  -s STRING, --settings-path=STRING
→Leave empty for default
```

Start wger

Command: start

Starts an already installed application:

wger start

Please note that this is simply a comfort function and does not use any *magic*, it simply calls Django's development server and (optionally) opens a browser window. If you are developing, using the usual python manage.py runserver is probably better.

Usage:

```
Usage: inv[oke] [--core-opts] start [--options] [other tasks here ...]
Docstring:
   Start the application using django's built in webserver
Options:
   -a STRING, --address=STRING Address to bind to. Default: localhost
   -b, --browser Whether to open the application in a browser_
   window. Default: false
   -e STRING, --extra-args=STRING Additional arguments to pass to the builtin server.
   → Pass as string: "--arg1 --arg2=value". Default: none
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
-p, --port Port to use. Default: 8000
-s STRING, --settings-path=STRING
-t, --[no-]start-server Whether to start the development server. Default:_
→true
```

Default locations

Command: config-location

Information command that simply outputs the default locations for the settings file as well as the data folder used for the SQLite database and the uploaded files.

Create settings

Command: create-settings

Creates a new settings file-based. If you call it without further arguments it will create the settings in the default locations:

wger create-settings

If you pass custom paths, it's recommended to use absolute paths:

Usage:

```
Usage: inv[oke] [--core-opts] create-settings [--options] [other tasks here ...]
Docstring:
  Creates a local settings file
Options:
  -a STRING, --database-type=STRING
                                      Database type to use. Supported: SQLite3,
→postgresql. Default: SQLite3
  -d STRING, --database-path=STRING
                                      Path to SQLite database (absolute path
→recommended). Leave empty for default
                                      Lenght of the generated secret key. Default: 50
  -k, --key-length
  -s STRING, --settings-path=STRING
                                      Path to settings file (absolute path recommended).
→Leave empty for default
  -u STRING, --url=STRING
```

Create or reset admin

Command: create-or-reset-admin

Makes sure that the default administrator user exists. If you change the password, it is reset.

Usage:

Migrate database

Command: migrate-db

Migrates the database schema. This command is called internally when installing the application. The only need to call this explicitly is after installing a new version of the application.

Calling this command is a safe operation, if your database is current, nothing will happen.

Usage:

```
Usage: inv[oke] [--core-opts] migrate-db [--options] [other tasks here ...]
Docstring:
Run all database migrations
Options:
-s STRING, --settings-path=STRING Path to settings file (absolute path recommended)._
→Leave empty for default
```

Load fixtures

Command: load-fixtures

Loads all fixture files with the default data. This data includes all data necessary for the application to work such as:

- · exercises, muscles, equipment
- · ingredients, units
- languages
- permission groups
- etc.

Note that ingredients are not included and need to be installed separately with download-online-fixtures.

This command is called internally when installing the application but you can use it to reset the data to the original state. Note: new entries or user entries such as workouts are *not* reset with this, only the application data.

Usage:

```
Usage: inv[oke] [--core-opts] load-fixtures [--options] [other tasks here ...]
Docstring:
Loads all fixtures
Options:
   -s STRING, --settings-path=STRING Path to settings file (absolute path recommended)._
-Leave empty for default
```

Load online fixtures

Command: load-online-fixtures

Downloads ingredient and weight units fixtures and installs them. They are not included in the repository due to size.

This command is called internally when installing the application but you can use it to reset the data to the original state. Note: new entries or user entries such as workouts are *not* reset with this, only the application data.

Usage:

```
Usage: inv[oke] [--core-opts] load-online-fixtures [--options] [other tasks here ...]
Docstring:
   Downloads fixtures from server and installs them (at the moment only ingredients)
Options:
   -s STRING, --settings-path=STRING Path to settings file (absolute path). Leave empty_
```

→for default

3.1.2 Management commands

wger also implements a series of Django commands that perform different management functions that are sometimes needed. Call them with python manage.py <command_name>:

download-exercise-images

synchronizes the exercise images from wger.de to the local installation. Read its help text as it could save the wrong image to the wrong exercise should different IDs match.

download-exercise-videos

wger also has a number of exercise videos. Like the images, we self host them and they can be downloaded to your local installation, but consider that the size requirements are quite large compared to the images.

redo-capitalize-names

re-calculates the capitalized exercise names. This command can be called if the current "smart" capitalization algorithm is changed. This is a safe operation since the original names (as entered by the user) are still available.

submitted-exercises

simply prints a list of user-submitted exercises

extract-i18n

extract strings from the database that have to be inserted manually in the PO file when translating. These include e.g. exercise categories.

clear-cache

clears different application caches. Might be needed after some updates or just useful while testing. Please note that you must select what caches to clear.

update-user-cache

update the user cache-table. This command is only needed when the python code used to calculate any of the cached entries is changed and the ones in the database need to be updated to reflect the new logic.

Cron

The following commands are built to be called regularly, via a cronjob or similar

delete-temp-users

deletes all guest users older than 1 week. At the moment this value can't be configured

email-reminders

sends out email reminders for a user that need to create a new workout.

email-weight-reminders

sends out email reminders for a user that need to enter a new (body) weight entry.

inactive-members

Sends email for gym members that have not been to the gym for a specified amount of weeks.

3.2 Settings

You can configure some of the application behaviour with the WGER_SETTINGS dictionary in your settings file. Currently, the following options are supported:

ALLOW_REGISTRATION: Default True.

Controls whether users can register on their own or if a gym administrator has to create the user accounts.

ALLOW_GUEST_USERS: Default True.

Controls whether users can use the site as a guest user or if an administrator has to create the user accounts, as with the option above.

USE_RECAPTCHA: Default False.

Controls whether a captcha challenge will be presented when new users register.

ALLOW_UPLOAD_VIDEOS: Default False.

Controls whether it is allowed to upload videos to exercises in the instance. See section videos for more information.

EMAIL_FROM: Default wger Workout Manager <wger@example.com>

The sender address used for sent emails by the system such as weight reminders

EXERCISE_CACHE_TTL: Default 3600

Sets how long the overview responses for exercise, exerciseinfo and exercisebaseinfo are cached for. The value is in seconds, so 3600 is one hour.

Note: If you want to override a default setting, don't overwrite all the dictionary but only the keys you need, e.g. WGER_SETTINGS['foo'] = 'bar'. This avoids problems when new keys are added in the global settings.

Set the URL for your site in the table django_site. This is only used e.g. in the password reset emails.

3.3 Gym administration

wger provides support for managing both gyms and members. For example, trainers/coaches can follow their students progress, and gym managers are able to keep track of their members contracts.

If the installation is being used for a single gym, you can set the default gym in the global configuration options in the gym list. This will update all existing users as well as newly registered ones so they belong to that gym.

There are 3 groups used for the different administrative roles:

- General Manager: Can manage (add, edit, delete) the different gyms for the installation as well as add gym managers, trainers, and members but is not allowed to see the members' workout data.
- Gym Manager: Can manage the users for a single gym (editing, deactivating, and adding contracts, etc.).
- Trainer: Can manage the workouts and other data for the members of a single gym.

These roles are not mutually exclusive, if your workflow demands it, you can combine all three roles into one account.

Except for general managers, administrative users belong to a single gym (the one they were created in) and can access only those members. This setting cannot be changed later. The user's gym appears in the top-right menu.

3.4 Member Management

To add members to a gym:

- 1. Click the Add Member button at the top of the member overview.
- 2. Fill in the form to generate a password for the user.
- 3. Save this password and give it to the user and it cannot be retrieved later.

OR

- 1. Click the Add Member button at the top of the member overview.
- 2. Instruct new members to use the reset password links when logging in for the first time.

To export all gym members:

- 1. Navigate to the Actions button on the gym detail page.
- 2. Here, you are provided with a CSV file that can be imported into a spreadsheet program for further processing.

Trainers can click on a user and access an overview of the user's workouts, body weights, nutrition plans, etc. When clicking on the "log in as this user", the trainer can assume the identity of the user to create new workouts for example. Additionally, Trainers can add notes and upload documents related to individual members. A note is a free text, while a document can be any file. This information can be used to save information on specific injuries or other important notes related to the member. Note that these entries are not accessible by the members themselves, but only by the trainers.

Individual members can be deactivated by clicking on the "actions" button on the top of the member's detail table. Deactivated users can't log in, but are not deleted from the system and can be reactivated at any time in the future. If you wish to completely delete a user from the system, use the "delete" option but keep in mind that this action cannot be undone.

3.5 Contracts

It is also possible to manage the members' contracts with the application. A contract is composed of a base form and optional *type* and *options*. The type is a single attribute, such as "Student contract" or "Special offer 2016". The options are basically the same but more than one can be selected at once and can be used for items that can e.g. be booked in addition to the default contract such as "Sauna" or "Protein drink flatrate".

The types and the options are added gym-wide in the member overview by the managers. Once these are saved, they can be used when adding or editing a contract to a specific user.

3.6 E-Mails

You can send a batch e-mail to all members of a gym. Currently, there is no support for filtering members based on specific criterion.

How to send e-mails:

- 1. Navigate to the gym's overview and click "Add" on the Email actions button.
- 2. Fill in the subject and the body.
- 3. Review, and accept the e-mail's preview.
- 4. After submitting, emails will be delivered in batch format based on your cron jobs configuration.

3.7 Configuration

3.7.1 Inactive members

Inactive members are members that have not logged in for X weeks. For example, a trainer can check to see which users have not visited the gym in X weeks.

This can be configured in the following ways:

Number of Weeks

The value in weeks after which users are considered inactive (default is 8). This applies to the whole gym and can be deactivated by entering a 0.

Trainer Configuration

Each trainer can opt-out of receiving such emails.

User Configuration

Individual users can be opt-out of being included in the reminder emails if they don't want to use the log for any other reason.

3.7.2 Gym name in the header

A checkbox to control whether the gym's name will appear in the header instead of the application's name for all logged-in users of this gym. This applies to members, trainers, and managers

CHAPTER

FOUR

CHANGELOG

4.1 Changelog

4.1.1 2.1 - IN DEVELOPMENT

2021-XX-XX

Upgrade steps from 2.0:

- Install ffmpeg if you want to upload videos (consult documentation).
- Update python libraries pip3 install -r requirements.txt
- Run migrations python3 manage.py migrate
- Update CSS and JS libraries yarn install
- Compile the CSS yarn build:css:sass
- Update static files (only production): python3 manage.py collectstatic
- Load new permissions python3 manage.py loaddata groups.json

Features:

- New gallery where users can upload pictures to track their progress #572
- Exercises can now have videos. Also many thanks to Goulart for providing 150 videos #970 and releasing them under the CC-BY-SA license.
- Add templates / centrally managed workouts (thanks @qwert45hi) #639
- Add comment filed to set for user notes #702
- Custom measurements such as biceps size or body fat #133
- Add picture type to exercise images (thanks @LucasSD) #589
- Add optional relation from nutritional diary to meal (thanks @Alig1493) #819
- Muscles now have a "common" name, besides their names in Latin (thanks @ImTheTom) #1041
- Allow to add nutritional plan diary entries for other dates (thanks @ImTheTom) #520

Bug Fixes:

• Adding a new workout day no longer needs to be saved twice (thanks @ImTheTom) #974

Maintenance:

• Exercise API response is now cached (thanks @ImTheTom) #1033

- Changes to the REST API:
 - /exercisebaseinfo/ New endpoint to get exercise information grouped by the base exercise
 - /language/ Also expose the language ID
 - /exerciseimage/ exercise was renamed to exercise_base (was pointing there anyway) New field style
 - /workout/ comment was renamed to name field description was added, for longer descriptions
 - /set/ field comment added, for user notes
 - /nutritiondiary/ field meal added, optional reference to meal
 - /min-app-version/ New endpoint indicating minimum required version for flutter app
- #666, #667, #656 (thanks @jackmulligan-ire), #716

4.1.2 2.0

2021-05-01

Upgrade steps from 1.9:

- Update python libraries pip3 install -r requirements.txt
- Install yarn and sass (e.g. sudo npm install -g yarn sass)
- Update CSS and JS libraries yarn install
- Compile the CSS yarn build:css:sass
- Run migrations python3 manage.py migrate
- Update data python3 manage.py loaddata licenses.json languages.json language_config. json
- Load new ingredients (note that this will overwrite any ingredients that you might have added) wger load-online-fixtures
- Update static files (only production): python3 manage.py collectstatic
- Subcommands for wger now use dashes in their names (i.e. create-settings instead of create_settings)

Features:

- Add nutrition diary to log the daily calories actually taken #284, #501 and #506 (thanks @WalkingPizza and @oconnelc)
- Support for reps-in-reserve (RiR) in workout plans and logs #479 (thanks @SkyNetIndustry)
- Improved user experience, on desktop and mobile #337
- Around 70000 new ingredients with Open Food Facts import with more to come #422 (thanks @harlenesamra, @nikithamurikinati and @jcho1)
- Group common exercise information such as muscles, etc. for more easy translations, data management, etc. #448 (thanks @nikithamurikinati, @harlenesamra, @jcho17, @vaheeshta and @jeevikaghosh)
- Group similar exercises such as wide grip, reverse, etc. #555 (thanks @ryowright)
- Improved info endpoints for exercises and ingredients, this saves additional API calls #411
- Show BMI on weight graph #462 (thanks @Svn-Sp)
- Allow user to edit and delete body weight entries #478 (thanks @beingbiplov)

- Show kJoules as well as kcal in nutritional plan #568 (thanks @nopinter and @derekli17)
- Check name similarity when adding exercises to avoid duplicates #551 (thanks @lydiaxing, @eq8913, @Hita-K)
- Return the muscle background images in the REST API #547 (thanks @gengkev)

Bug Fixes:

• #368, #379, #426 (thanks @austin-leung), #499, #505, #504, #511, #516, #522, #554 and #560 (thanks @sandil-sranasinghe), #564, #565, #615, #560 (thanks @bradsk88), #617 (thanks @Sidrah-Madiha), #636, #640, #642, #648, #650

Maintenance:

- Moved translations to weblate #266
- Improved docker and docker-compose images #340
- Updated many libraries to the last version (bootstrap, font awesome, etc.)
- Use yarn to download CSS/JS libraries
- Improvements to documentation (e.g. #494)
- Improved cache handling #246 (thanks @louiCoder)
- Others: #450 (thanks @Rkamath2), #631 (thanks @harlenesamra), #664 (thanks @calvinrw),

4.1.3 1.9

2020-06-29

Upgrade steps from 1.8:

- Django update to 3.x: pip install -r requirements.txt
- Database upgrade: python manage.py migrate
- Update static files (only production): python manage.py collectstatic

New features:

- Allow users to enter their birthdate instead of just the age (thanks @dtopal) #332
- Work to ensure that mobile templates are used when appropriate
- Added optional S3 static asset hosting.
- Drop Python 2 support.
- Replaced django-mobile with django-user_agent (and some custom code) This isn't as slick as django-mobile was, but it unblocks possible Django 2.x support.
- Update many dependencies to current versions.

Improvements:

- Improve the look of weight graph (thanks @alokhan) #381
- · Added password validation rules for more security
- Exercise image downloader checks only accepted exercises (thanks @gmmoraes) #363
- Use a native data type for the exercises' UUID (thanks @gmmoraes) #364
- Increase speed of testsuite by performing the tests in parallel (thanks @Mbarak-Mbigo) wger_vulcan/#6
- Update screen when adding an exercise to the workout while using set slider (thanks @gmmoraes) #374

- Work to slim docker image * Download images at startup If *DOWNLOAD_IMGS* environmental variable is set to *TRUE* * Uninstall dev packages
- Update Ubuntu version used in docker container.
- Fixed a handful of hard coded static path references to use *static* taglib
- Updated tinymce theme for v5.

Other improvements and bugfixes: #336, #359, `#386`_, #443

4.1.4 1.8

2017-04-05

Warning: There have been some changes to the installation procedure. Calling 'invoke' on its own has been deprecated, you should use the 'wger' command (which accepts the same options). Also, some of these commands have been renamed:

- start_wger to wger
- bootstrap_wger to bootstrap

Upgrade steps from 1.7:

- Django update to 1.9: pip install -r requirements.txt
- Database upgrade: python manage.py migrate
- Reset cache: python manage.py clear-cache --clear-all
- Due to changes in the JS package management, you have to delete wger/core/static/bower_components and do a python manage.py bower install
- Update static files (only production): python manage.py collectstatic
- Load new the languages fixtures as well as their configuration python manage.py loaddata languages and python manage.py loaddata language_config
- New config option in settings.py: WGER_SETTINGS['TWITTER']. Set this if your instance has its own twitter account.

New languages:

- Norwegian (many thanks to Kjetil Elde @w00p #304)
- French (many thanks to all translators)

New features:

- Big ingredient list in Dutch, many thanks to alphafitness.club!
- Add repetition (minutes, kilometer, etc.) and weight options (kg, lb, plates, until failure) to sets #216 and #217
- Allow administrators to deactivate the guest user account #330
- Add option to show the gym name in the header instead of the application name, part of #214
- Exercise names are now capitalized, making them more consistent #232
- Much improved landing page (thanks @DeveloperMal) #307
- Add extended PDF options to schedules as well (thanks @alelevinas) #272

- Show trained secondary muscles in workout view (thanks @alokhan) #282
- Use the metricsgraphics library to more easily draw charts #188
- Removed persona (browserID) as a login option, the service is being discontinued #331

Improvements:

- Check and enforce style guide for JS files #317 (@petervanderdoes)
- BMI calculator now works with pounds as well (thanks @petervanderdoes) #318
- Give feedback when autocompleter didn't find any results #293
- Make exercise names links to their detail page in training log pages #350
- Better GUI consistency in modal dialogs (thanks @jstoebel) #274
- Cache is cleared when editing muscles (thanks @RyanSept @pythonGeek) #260
- Fields in workout log form are no longer required, making it possible to only log weight for certain exercises #334
- New, more verbose, API endpoint for exercises, (thanks @andela-bmwenda)
- The dashboard page was improved and made more user friendly #201 (partly)
- Replace jquery UI's autocompleter and sortable this reduces the size of JS and CSS #78 and #79
- Update to D3js v4 #314, #302
- Remove hard-coded CC licence from documentation and website #247

Other improvements and bugfixes: #25, #243, #279, #275, #270, #258, #257, #263, #269, #296, #297, #303, #311, #312, #313, #322, #324, #325

4.1.5 1.7

2016-02-28

New translations:

- Czech (many thanks to Tomáš Z.!)
- Swedish (many thanks to ywecur!)

New features:

- Workout PDF can now print the exercises' images and comments #261
- Allow login with username or email (thanks @warchildmd) #164`_
- Correctly use user weight when calculating nutritional plans' calories (thanks @r-hughes) #210
- Fix problem with datepicker #192
- Order of exercises in supersets is not reverted anymore #229
- Improvements to the gym management:
 - Allow to add contracts to members
 - Visual consistency for lists and actions
 - Vastly reduce the number of database queries in gym member list #144
 - Global list of users for installation #212
 - Allow administrators to restrict user registration #220

- Refactored and improved code, among others #208
- Allow gym managers to reset a member's password #186
- Better rendering of some form elements #244
- Improved GUI consistency #149
- Docker images for easier installation #181
- Use hostname for submitted exercises (thanks @jamessimas) #159
- Download js libraries with bowerjs (thanks @tranbenny) #126
- Improved and more flexible management commands #184
- Fixed error when importin weight entries from CSV (thanks @r-hughes) #204
- Fixed problems when building and installing the application on Windows (thanks @romansp) #197
- Fixed potential Denial Of Service attack (thanks @r-hughes) #238
- Dummy data generator can not create nutrition plans (thanks @cthare) #241

Other improvements and bugfixes: #279, #275, #270, #258, #257

4.1.6 1.6.1

2015-07-25

Bugfix release

4.1.7 1.6

2015-07-25

New translations:

• Greek (many thanks to Mark Nicolaou!)

New features:

- Save planed weight along with the repetitions #119
- Improvements to the workout calendar #98
- Allow external access to workouts and other pages to allow for sharing #102, #124
- Email reminder to regularly enter (body) weight entries #115
- · Allow users to submit corrections to exercises
- Add day detail view in workout calendar #103
- Fix bug where the exercises added to a superset did not remain sorted #89
- Reduce the size of generated HTML code #125
- Allow users to copy shared workouts from others #127
- Added breadbrumbs, to make navigation easier #101
- Add option to delete workout sessions and their logs #156
- Improve installation, development and maintenance documentation #114

Other improvements and bugfixes: #99, #100, #106, #108, #110, #117, #118, #128, #131, #135, #145, #155

4.1.8 1.5

2014-12-16

New Translations:

- Dutch (many thanks to David Machiels!)
- Portuguese (many thanks to Jefferson Campos!) #97

New features:

- Add support for gym management #85
 - Gym managers can create and manage gyms
 - Trainers can see the gym's users and their routines
- Reduce the amount of CSS and JS libraries by using bootstrap as much as possible #73
- Improvements to the REST API #75
 - Add read-write access
 - Add live browsing of the API with django rest framework
 - Improve documentation
 - /api/v1 is marked deprecated
- Show exercise pictures in workout as well
- Detailed view of exercises and workouts in schedule #86
- Support for both metric (kg) and imperial (lb) weight units #105
- Allow the user to delete his account and data #84
- Add contact field to feedback form
- Cleanup translation strings #94
- Python 3 compatibility! #68

Other improvements and bugfixes: #51, #76, #80, #81, #82, #91, #92, #95, #96

4.1.9 1.4

2014-03-08

New features and bugfixes:

- Calendar view to more easily check workout logs
- Add "gym mode" with timer to log the workout while at the gym
- · Add automatic email reminders for new workouts
- New iCal export to add workouts and schedules e.g. to google calendar
- · New exercise overview, grouped by equipment
- · Add possibility to write comments and rate the workout
- Simplify form for new exercises
- Alternative PDF export of workout without table for entering logs

• Unified way of specifying license of submitted content (exercises, etc.)

4.1.10 1.3

2013-11-27

New translations:

- Bulgarian (many thanks to Lyuboslav Petrov!)
- Russian (many thanks to Inna!)
- Spanish

New features and bugfixes:

- Mobile version of website
- Add images to the exercises
- Exercises now can list needed equipment (barbell, etc.)
- BMI calculator
- Daily calories calculator
- New management utility for languages
- Improved performance
- RESTful API

4.1.11 1.2

2013-05-19

New features and bugfixes:

- Added scheduling option for workouts.
- Open all parts of website to all users, this is done by a custom middleware
- · Regular users can submit exercises and ingredients to be included in the general list
- Add more 'human' units to ingredients like '1 cup' or '1 slice'
- Add nutritional values calculator on the ingredient detail page
- Several bugfixes
- Usability improvements

4.1.12 1.1.1

2013-03-06

New features and bugfixes:

- Pin version of app django_browserid due to API changes in 0.8
- · Fix issue with tabs on exercise overview due to API changes in JQuery

4.1.13 1.1

2013-02-23

New features and bugfixes:

- Better navigation bar
- Added descriptions for the exercises (German)
- New workout logbook, to keep track of your improvements
- Import your weight logs from a spreadsheet (CSV-Import)
- Better filtering for weight chart
- Muscle overview with corresponding exercises
- Add guest accounts by generating a temporary user
- Description pages about the software
- Easier installation process

4.1.14 1.0.3

2012-11-19

New features and bugfixes:

- · Add option to copy (duplicate) workouts and nutritional plans
- Login without an account with Mozilla's Persona (BrowserID)
- Better AJAX handling of the modal dialogs, fewer page reloads and redirects
- Expand the list of ingredients in German
- Add pagination to the ingredient list
- Improvements to user page:
 - Add a "reset password" link to the login page
 - Email is now user-editable
- More natural lines in weight chart with cubic interpolation

4.1.15 1.0.2

2012-11-02

Bugfix release

4.1.16 1.0.1

2012-11-02

New features and bugfixes:

- Fix issue with password change
- Small improvements to UI
- Categories editable/deletable from the exercise overview page
- Exercise AJAX search groups by category
- More tests!
- Use generic views for editing, creating and deleting objects

4.1.17 1.0

2012-10-16

Initial release.

New features and bugfixes:

- Workout manager
- PDF output for logging progress
- Initial data with the most popular exercises
- Simple weight chart
- Nutrition plan manager
- Simple PDF output
- Initial data with nutritional values from the USDA

CHAPTER

FIVE

CONTACT

Feel free to contact us if you found this useful or if there was something that didn't behave as you expected (in this case you can also open a ticket on the issue tracker).

- **Discord:** https://discord.gg/rPWFv6W
- Issue tracker: https://github.com/wger-project/wger/issues
- Twitter: https://twitter.com/wger_project

CHAPTER

SIX

SOURCES

All the code and the content is freely available and is hosted on GitHub: https://github.com/wger-project/wger

CHAPTER SEVEN

LICENCE

The application is licenced under the Affero GNU General Public License 3 or at your choice any later version (AGPL 3+).

The initial exercise and ingredient data is licensed additionally under a Creative Commons Attribution Share-Alike 3.0 (CC-BY-SA 3.0)

The documentation is released under a CC-BY-SA either version 4 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

Some images were taken from Wikipedia, see the SOURCES file in their respective folders for more details.